#### Sagebrush, perennial grasses & soil moisture: what should we expect?



Science for a changing world

**Northwest CASC** 

**SW Biological Science Center** 

### Sagebrush, perennial grasses & soil moisture: what should we expect?





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Daniel Schlaepfer Martin Holdrege Adam Noel Gregor Siegmund Alice Stears Caitlin Andrews Lief Wiechman Seth Munson Rob Massatti Mike Duniway David Pilliod Matt Germino



Kyle Palmquist Maggie England



t Joc

NORTHERN

**Brad Butterfield** 

Jodi Norris Megan Swan

Yale Bill Lauenroth Rachel Renne Damaris Chenoweth



Chad Boyd Stella Copeland David Barnard Rory O'Connor



Tom Remington



**Megan Creutzberg** 

R

University of Nevada, Reno

**Bob Shriver** 



Ali Urza Jeanne Chambers Jessie Brown David Board Karen Short Karin Riley David Bell

INIX

Matt Petrie













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### Sagebrush, perennial grasses & soil moisture: what should we expect?





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- Soil moisture in big sagebrush ecosystems
- Impact of changing climate
- Implications for vegetation

#### Soil moisture in sagebrush systems





### Soil moisture in sagebrush systems



- Seasonal water dynamics defined by cool season recharge of soil water
- Summer dry period in top soil layers



Schlaepfer et al. (2012) Ecohydrology

### Soil moisture in sagebrush systems





- Seasonal water dynamics defined by cool season recharge of soil water
- Summer dry period in top soil layers
- More transpiration from bottom than top soil layers
- Sagebrush ecohydrological niche: utilization of deep, seasonally-stored water

#### Temperature



#### Temperature

• Robust increases in all places & all seasons

#### • Perhaps slightly greater increases in north & summer



#### Impacted by $\uparrow T$

- growing season length
- frost dates
- vapor pressure deficit (VPD)
- potential evapotranspiration (PET)
- meteorological
  drought & aridity
  indices

#### Precipitation



#### Precipitation

- Changes are generally not robust across models
- Only small changes or modest increases in most places

200

100

0







Wetter winters

#### • Earlier spring green-up



Wetter winters

- Earlier spring green-up
- Earlier senescence



Wetter winters

• Earlier spring green-up

- Longer (& hotter) summer dry soil periods
- Earlier senescence



Bradford et al. 2020. Global Change Biology

#### Soil moisture & plant types



Sala et al 1997 -> Renne et al 2019

### Soil moisture & plant types





Sala et al 1997 -> Renne et al 2019



#### Within the sagebrush region, seasonality of moisture influences balance between shrubs & grasses













#### **Future climate:**

Increased winter moisture in most places...

...may sustain existing regional gradients in shrub-grass abundance

# Implications ... for sagebrush



Schlaepfer et al. (2011) Ecohydrology

Palmquist et al. (2021) Global Change Biology

25

250

# Implications ... for sagebrush



Big sagebrush likely to remain climatically viable within much of the biome\*

# Potential declines in some areas

(Schlaepfer et al 2011, Still & Richardson 2015)

Schlaepfer et al. (2011) Ecohydrology

Palmquist et al. (2021) Global Change Biology

#### Implications ... for perennial grasses



#### Implications ... for perennial grasses



Future temperatures more consistent with warm-season (C4) perennial grasses than cool season (C3) perennials (Havrilla et al. 2023)

Cool season grasses may decline and warm season grasses <u>might</u> increase (Palmquist 2021)

#### Implications ... for Resistance & Resilience (R&R)

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#### Implications ... for Resistance & Resilience (R&R)



#### High Schlaepfer et al In Review.

# Likely declines in R&R over much of the sagebrush region



#### Take home messages

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Sagebrush vegetation is shaped by seasonal temperature & moisture

Rising temperatures -> wetter winters, earlier spring, & longer hotter summer.

Regional gradients of seasonal moisture availability likely to be maintained



#### jbradford@usgs.gov drylandecology.org

#### Take home messages

#### Sagebrush vegetation is shaped by seasonal temperature & moisture

Rising temperatures -> wetter winters, earlier spring, & longer hotter summer.

Regional gradients of seasonal moisture availability likely to be maintained

#### **Potential vegetation impacts:**

- Sagebrush decline in only some parts of the region
- Perennial grass shifts from cool season to warm season species
- Decreased ecological resistance to cheatgrass & resilience to wildfire